

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	APPLICATIO	N FOR LIFE CARE PROVIDE	R PERMIT CHANGE	
Provider Name _			Employer's ID Number	
State of Domicile _	ile, Date Incorporated/Organiz		, Type of Entity	
Home Office _	(Street and Number)		(City, State and Zip Code)	
_	(Telephone Number)		(Fax Number)	
Administrative/Mail _	(0)			
	(Street and Number)		(City, State and Zip Code)	
_	(Post Office		(City, State and Zip Code)	
_	(Telephone Number)		(Fax Number)	
Facility Name				
Facility Address _	(Street and Number)		(City, State and Zip Code)	
Number of:				
_	(Living Units)	(Assisted Living Units)	(Health Care Beds)	(Contract Holders)
Contact Person _		,		
	(Name)		(Title)	
_	, (Telephone Number)		(Email Address)	
		in accordance with the provisions	of Arizona Revised Statutes	, Title 20, Chapter 8, Article
Provider declares that	it has complied with all la	ation for the issuance of the Perm was of the state of domicile relatin oplicable to said Provider.		
I certify that I have revi	iewed this Application. It	is true, complete and correct to the	he best of my knowledge an	d belief.
Dated at		this	day of	,
Signature of Chief Executive Officer			Title	

Notice – ARS § 41-1030(H) requires most Arizona government agencies to prominently print the provisions of ARS § 41-1030(B), (E), (F), and (G) on all license applications.

The following is the language in ARS § 41-1030(B), (E), (F), and (G):

- B. An agency shall not base a licensing decision in whole or in part on a licensing requirement or condition that is not specifically authorized by statute, rule or state tribal gaming compact. A general grant of authority in statute does not constitute a basis for imposing a licensing requirement or condition unless a rule is made pursuant to that general grant of authority that specifically authorizes the requirement or condition.
- E. This section may be enforced in a private civil action and relief may be awarded against the state. The court may award reasonable attorney fees, damages and all fees associated with the license application to a party that prevails in an action against the state for a violation of this section.
- F. A state employee may not intentionally or knowingly violate this section. A violation of this section is cause for disciplinary action or dismissal pursuant to the agency's adopted personnel policy.
- G. This section does not abrogate the immunity provided by section 12-820.01 or 12-820.02.